Datrend Systems Inc.

Oxitest *Plus*

Pulse Oximeter Tester

Operating Manual

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Pulse Oximeter Tester

Operating Manual

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To order this manual, use Part Number 6100-035

Revision History		
Revision	Description	Date
C	General Update	25-Jun-2003

Unpacking and Inspection

Follow standard receiving practices upon receipt of the instrument. Check the shipping carton for damage. If damage is found, stop unpacking the instrument. Notify the freight carrier and ask for an agent to be present while the instrument is unpacked. There are no special unpacking instructions, but be careful not to damage the instrument when unpacking it. Inspect the instrument for physical damage such as bent or broken parts, dents, or scratches.

Claims

Our routine method of shipment is via common carrier. Upon delivery, if physical damage is found, retain all packing materials in their original condition and contact the carrier immediately to file a claim. If the instrument is delivered in good physical condition but does not operate within specifications, or if there are any other problems not caused by shipping damage, please contact your local sales representative or DSI immediately.

Standard Terms and Conditions

Refunds & Credits

Please note only serialized products (products labelled with a distinct serial number) and accessories are eligible for partial refund and/or credit. Non-serialized parts and accessory items (cables, carrying cases, auxiliary modules, etc.) are not eligible for return or refund. In order to receive a partial refund/credit, the product must not have been damaged, and must be returned complete (meaning all manuals, cables, accessories, etc.) within 90 days of original purchase and in "as new" and resalable condition. The *Return Procedure* must be followed.

Return Procedure

Every product returned for refund/credit must be accompanied by a Return Material Authorization (RMA) number, obtained from Datrend Customer Service. All items being returned must be sent prepaid (freight, duty, brokerage, and taxes) to our factory location.

Restocking Charges

Products returned within 30 days of original purchase are subject to a minimum restocking fee of 15%. Products returned in excess of 30 days after purchase, but prior to 90 days, are subject to a minimum restocking fee of 20%. Additional charges for damage and/or missing parts and accessories will be applied to all returns. Products which are not in "as new" and resalable condition, are not eligible for credit return and will be returned to the customer at their expense.

Certification

This instrument was thoroughly tested and inspected and found to meet DSI's manufacturing specifications when it was shipped from the factory. Calibration measurements are traceable to the National Research Council of Canada (NRC). Devices for which there are no NRC calibration standards are measured against in-house performance standards using accepted test procedures.

Warranty

Warranty and Product Support

Datrend Systems Inc. ("DSI") warrants this instrument to be free from defects in materials and workmanship under normal use and service for one (1) year from the date of original purchase. During the warranty period DSI will, at our option, either repair or replace a product that proves to be defective at no charge; provided you return the product (shipping, duty, brokerage and taxes prepaid) to DSI. Any and all transportation charges incurred are the responsibility of the purchaser and are not included within this warranty. This warranty extends only to the original purchaser and does not cover damage from abuse, neglect, accident or misuse or as the result of service or modification by other than DSI. IN NO EVENT SHALL DATREND SYSTEMS INC. BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

No warranty shall apply when damage is caused by any of the following:

- Power failure, surges, or spikes,
- Damage in transit or when moving the instrument,
- Improper power supply such as low voltage, incorrect voltage, defective wiring or inadequate fuses,
- Accident, alteration, abuse or misuse of the instrument,
- Fire, water damage, theft, war, riot, hostility, acts of God, such as hurricanes, floods, etc.

Only serialized products (those items bearing a distinct serial number tag) and their accessory items are covered under this warranty. PHYSICAL DAMAGE CAUSED BY MISUSE OR PHYSICAL ABUSE IS NOT COVERED UNDER THE WARRANTY. Items such as cables and non-serialized modules are not covered under this warranty.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may have other rights, which vary from province to province, state to state, or country to country. This warranty is limited to repairing the instrument to DSI's specifications.

When you return an instrument to DSI for service, repair or calibration, we recommend shipment using the original shipping foam and container. If the original packing materials are not available, we recommend the following guide for repackaging:

- Use a carton of sufficient strength for the weight being shipped.
- Use heavy paper or cardboard to protect all instrument surfaces. Use nonabrasive material around all projecting parts.
- Use at least four inches of tightly packed, industrial-approved, shock-absorbent material all around the instrument.

DSI will not be responsible for lost shipments or instruments received in damaged condition due to improper packaging or handling. All warranty claim shipments must be made on a prepaid basis (freight, duty, brokerage, and taxes). No returns will be accepted without a Return Materials Authorization ("RMA) number. Please contact Datrend at 1-800-667-6557 to obtain an RMA number and receive help with shipping/customs documentation.

Recalibration of instruments, which have a recommended annual calibration frequency, is not covered under the warranty.

Warranty Disclaimer

Should you elect to have your instrument serviced and/or calibrated by someone other than Datrend Systems, please be advised that the original warranty covering your product becomes void when the tamper-resistant Quality Seal is removed or broken without proper factory authorization. We strongly recommend, therefore, that you send your instrument to Datrend Systems for service and calibration, especially during the original warranty period.

In all cases, breaking the tamper-resistant Quality Seal should be avoided at all cost, as this seal is the key to your original instrument warranty. In the event that the seal must be broken to gain internal access to the instrument (e.g., in the case of a customer-installed firmware upgrade), you must first contact Datrend Systems at 1-800-667-6557. You will be required to provide us with the serial number for your instrument as well as a valid reason for breaking the Quality Seal. You should break this seal only after you have received factory authorization. Do not break the Quality Seal before you have contacted us! Following these steps will help ensure that you will retain the original warranty on your instrument without interruption.

WARNING

Unauthorized user modifications or application beyond the published specifications may result in electrical shock hazards or improper operation. Datrend Systems will not be responsible for any injuries sustained due to unauthorized equipment modifications.

DSI DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR APPLICATION.

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS NO USER-SERVICEABLE COMPONENTS. UNAUTHORIZED REMOVAL OF THE INSTRUMENT COVER SHALL VOID THIS AND ALL OTHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES.

Table of Contents

Specifications

This chapter provides the specifications of the ***Oxitest Plus*** *Pulse Oximeter Tester.*

1. SPECIFICATIONS

Saturation (SpO_2)	Five clinically important presets: 97%, 93%, 90%, 80%, and 70% for all supported oximeters, plus 55% SpO_2 preset available when testing Nellcor® and Nellcor OEM oximeters (e.g. Critikon Dinamap, Protocol PROPAQ).
SpO_2 Accuracy	All supported oximeters except Datex and Invivo oximeters: ±1% @ 97, 93 90, 80, 70% SpO_2 Datex, Invivo oximeters: ±1% @ 97, 93% SpO_2 ±2% @ 90, 80, 70% SpO_2 Nellcor® and Nellcor OEMs only: ±1% @ 55% SpO_2 ***Nellcor accuracy specified with DS100A sensor.***

Heart Rate	Variable from 20 to 250 beats per minute (BPM) in 1 BPM steps *Presets:* 30, 60, 90, 120, 180, 240 BPM *Accuracy:* ± 1 BPM
Pulse Amplitude	Variable from zero (no blood flow) to 100% (normal adult pulse) in 1% steps. *Presets:* 100%, 30%, 10%, and 5% *Accuracy:* ± 1%
Signal Artifact	Four preset simulations: Movement Tapping (Spike artifact) Shivering (Tremor artifact) Shake Table (2.5Hz Sinewave)
Pulse Oximeter Make/Model	Major makes and models supported. Refer to the table at the back of the manual for a detailed listing.
User Interface	Display: LCD - 20 character x 2 lines Keypad - 15 keys: PULSE OX, SPO_2 (%), HEART RATE (preset), HR▲, HR▼, PULSE AMP (preset), PUL▲, PUL▼

Serial Interface

Mechanical: 5 Pin MiniDIN
Electrical: Bi-directional RS-232.
9600 baud, 8 bits, no parity, 1 stop.

Power Supply

Battery:
7.2V NiCad rechargeable.
Capacity: 1.4 Ah
Battery life: 40 hours continuous

Accessories

North America: 120 VAC/60 Hz to 9 VDC adaptor; NEMA 5-15P plug (NA)(PN: 3000-020)

Europe: 230 VAC/50 Hz to 9 VDC adaptor; CEE 7/16 plug (Europlug)(PN: 3000-021)

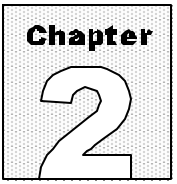
United Kingdom: 240 VAC/50Hz to 9 VDC adaptor; BS 1363 plug (UK)(PN: 3000-022)

PC interface cable (RS-232):

- DB25 Connector (PN: 7100-196)

- DB9 Connector (PN: 7100-248)

Approvals	CSA / UL CE (EN55022:1994 Class B; EN61000-4-3 Level A; IEC 801-2 Level B; IEC801-4 Level B; EN61010-1; IEC 1010-1)
Environment	15˚C to 40˚C 10% to 90% RH Indoor Use Only Category II Pollution Degree 2



Overview

This chapter provides an overview of the ***Oxitest Plus*** *Pulse Oximeter Tester, describes the basic principles of oximetry, and discusses the* ***Oxitest*** *function at a block diagram level.*

2. OVERVIEW OF INSTRUMENT

2.1 General Description

The **Oxitest Plus** Pulse Oximeter Tester is a portable, battery operated device designed to test the operation of pulse oximeters and their optical sensors. In use, a pulse oximeter sensor is placed on the **Oxitest Plus** probe. **Oxitest Plus** transmits an optical signal to the pulse oximeter sensor which simulates a predetermined oxygen saturation (SpO_2) level, at a given heart rate and signal strength (pulse amplitude). Proper operation of the pulse oximeter is confirmed if the parameters measured by the oximeter match those generated by **Oxitest Plus**.

Oxitest Plus provides four simulations of patient motion artifacts: gross body movement, tapping the oximeter sensor, shivering or trembling, and shake table laboratory test.

Most problems with pulse oximeters can be traced to complete or partial failure of the oximeter sensor (the photo sensor, one of the two light transmitting elements [LEDs], the cable, or the connector). **Oxitest Plus** will assist in diagnosing these failures by providing an indication of the status of the oximeter's LEDs.

2.2 Detailed Description

Pulse oximeters commonly utilized in hospitals are based on the principle of the absorption of light by blood, at two separate wavelengths, 660 nm and 940 nm. Specifically, the relationship between the absorption of light for Oxygenated Haemoglobin (HbO_2) and reduced Haemoglobin (Hb) allows the calculation of HbO_2, and subsequently oxygen saturation.

A typical pulse oximeter probe incorporates one 660 nm light emitting diode (LED) and one 940 nm LED on the transmitting side of the sensor, and one broad spectrum photosensitive element on the receiving side of the sensor. The pulse oximeter activates the LEDs in a particular sequence which allows the

received signals to be correctly interpreted. The light passes through a portion of the body of the patient, commonly the finger, ear, toe, scalp, etc., and falls on the photosensitive element, which translates the attenuated light signals into electrical signals.

Using various means, the pulse oximeters interpret the ***ratio*** of the attenuated signals at the two wavelengths as a percentage of oxygen saturation. A more detailed description of the process, and the scientific principles of pulse oximetry can be found in the article "Knowing Your Pulse Oximetry Monitors", S. Ackerman and P. Weith, Medical Electronics, February, 1995, pp 82-86.

A block diagram of the **Oxitest Plus** is provided in *Figure 1*. The **Oxitest Plus** incorporates a probe, resembling a finger, which is placed between the transmitting and receiving elements of the oximeter. The **Oxitest Plus** probe intercepts the light signals produced by the pulse oximeter and generates pulses of light that are controlled in level, and which simulate the light levels which would normally be received by the pulse oximeter's photosensitive element, at predetermined oxygen saturation levels.

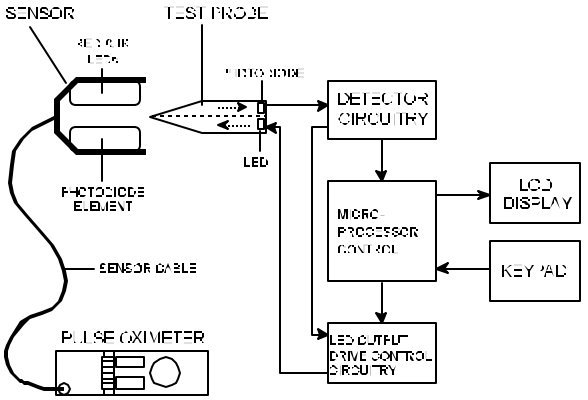
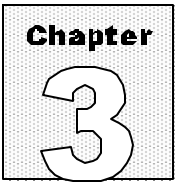


Figure 1 - Block Diagram

A photodiode in the **Oxitest Plus** probe intercepts the oximeter's red and infrared light signals, and generates an electrical signal which is analysed by the **Oxitest Plus** microprocessor. The microprocessor, in turn, produces control signals to drive an LED in the **Oxitest Plus** probe, with the correct timing and amplitude appropriate to the oximeter under test. Light from the **Oxitest Plus** LED is detected by the photodiode in the oximeter sensor, causing the oximeter to display simulated SpO_2 and heart rate indications.



Operation

This chapter explains how to power-up and operate the ***Oxitest Plus*** *Pulse Oximeter Tester. Selection of oximeters, test settings, alarm testing, automated protocols, and test result recording is covered in detail.*

3. OPERATION

3.1 General Description

The **Oxitest Plus** Pulse Oximeter Tester provides a quick and efficient method of testing the overall operation of a pulse oximeter, its cable and sensor. A test is performed by applying the oximeter sensor to the **Oxitest Plus** probe, after first setting up the test parameters on the **Oxitest Plus**. The features of the **Oxitest Plus** are depicted in *Figure 2* and *Figure 3*, and are referred to throughout the rest of section 3.

The following procedure should be followed for correct operation:

1. Turn the **Oxitest Plus ON** by rotating the test probe 90^{O} from its protective storage compartment.

2. Following power-up, select an oximeter make (**Pulse Ox**) from the menu. Set the **SpO_2**, **Heart Rate** and **Pulse Amp** to the desired settings using the appropriately labelled push button keys on the front panel. See sections 3.2 through 3.6 for further details. Default values for **SpO_2**, **Heart Rate** and **Pulse Amp** on selection of a new oximeter are 97%, 60 BPM and 100% respectively.

3. Turn on the oximeter and examine the sensor to determine which side has the LEDs (this side will radiate red light). Apply the sensor to the test probe, orienting the sensor ***with the LEDs on the underside of the probe.***

4. Wait for the **Oxitest Plus** to display "RED+IR OK!" on its LCD.

5. Change **Oxitest Plus SpO_2** and **Heart Rate** and note the oximeter's response. Verify the oximeter alarms when SpO_2 and/or heart rate exceed corresponding alarm thresholds. Optionally, decrease the Pulse Amp and note how the oximeter's SpO_2 and heart rate may be affected by low tissue perfusion.

6. Remove the oximeter sensor from the test probe.

7. Select a new oximeter (if required) and go back to step (3), or turn **Oxitest Plus OFF** by rotating the test probe back into the storage compartment.

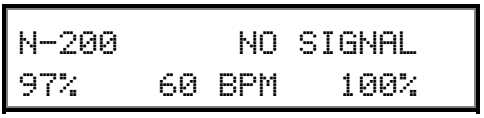
Figure 2 - ***Oxitest Plus*** *Side Panel*

Figure 3 - ***Oxitest Plus*** *Front panel*

3.2 Powering Up, and Modifying the Oxitest Plus Menu

To turn on the **Oxitest Plus** rotate the test probe, which is visible from the right hand side of the **Oxitest Plus**, 90 degrees clockwise from its storage compartment. **Oxitest Plus** will go through a power-on self-test (POST). The LCD display will appear as shown below.

After the POST is completed, the display will show the current test parameters as follows.



When initially delivered, the default test parameters are set to Nellcor® N-200, 97% SpO_2, 60 BPM and 100% pulse amplitude. If the parameters are changed, the **Oxitest Plus** will retain the settings in memory and power up with those parameters on next use.

When received from the factory, all pulse oximeters with which **Oxitest Plus** is compatible will be **ENABLED** in the **Pulse Ox** menu list. Not all oximeters will be pertinent to every user. To reduce the number of oximeters presented in the menu list, individual oximeters can be **DISABLED** with the *Setup Function* described below.

To enter the *Setup Function*, depress the **SpO_2** button while turning on the power to the **Oxitest Plus**. The display shown below will appear for about 2 seconds.

```
**PULSE OX SETUP**
***Version: X.X***
```

The pulse oximeter information will then be displayed as shown below. The oximeter information includes the manufacturer name, model number(s) and the type of sensor used (manufacturers may use more than one type of sensor, each of which may require a different SpO_2 curve, or "R-Curve").

```
Nellcor  N-200  N-100C
SENSOR:   Nellcor >ENA
```

The menu of oximeters provides up to 128 entries. The **Pulse Amp** ▲ or ▼ keys will single-step through the menu sequentially, moving up or down respectively. To move more rapidly through the different menu selections, the **Heart Rate** ▲ or ▼ keys will move in steps of ***ten*** entries at a time.

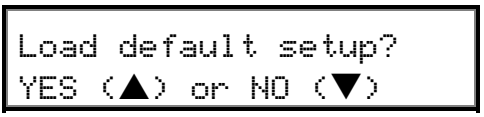
The previous display indicates if the oximeter is currently **ENA**bled or **DIS**abled. Press the **Pulse Ox** key to toggle the **ENA**bled or **DIS**abled status of the displayed oximeter.

When only the relevant oximeters are **ENA**bled, press the **SpO_2** key, and the **Oxitest Plus** will revert to normal operation. The only oximeters that will now be available for selection in the menu of **Pulse Ox's** will be those that have been **ENA**bled. This process may be repeated at any time to **ENA**ble or **DIS**able other oximeters.

In the event of a loss of battery power, **Oxitest Plus** will revert to the *factory default settings* (all oximeters ENABLED; Pulse Ox = Nellcor® N-200; SpO_2 = 97%; Heart Rate = 60 BPM; Pulse Amp = 100%).

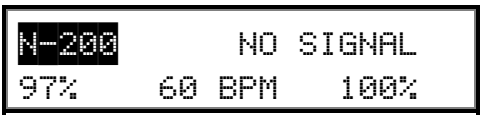
If it is desirable to reset the **Oxitest Plus** to the factory default settings for any reason, hold down the **Heart Rate** preset key while powering up the unit. The display will appear as shown below. In

response to the LCD prompt, the factory defaults are loaded by pressing the **YES** (Pass) key or the **No** (Fail) key.



3.3 Choosing an Oximeter

The oximeter currently selected is displayed on the standard operating mode screen, as shown below.



To change oximeters, press the **Pulse Ox** key. The current oximeter/sensor selection appearing in the previous display will then be displayed in full detail across the LCD as follows.

To scroll through the oximeters (which have been **ENA**bled through the process described in section 3.2), press the **Pulse Ox** key repeatedly to move forward through the available oximeters, one step at a time, until the oximeter of interest is displayed. Alternately, the **Pulse Amp** ▲ or ▼ keys will single step through the menu, moving up or down respectively, and the **Heart Rate** ▲ or ▼ keys will move in steps of ***two*** entries at a time. Either ▲ (or ▼) key may be pressed and held to continuously scroll forward (or backward) through the menu. To finalize the selection, press the **SpO_2** key, and the **Oxitest Plus** will return to the standard operating screen.

Note: Only those oximeters that have been **ENA**bled as in section 3.2 will be available for selection. Repeat the setup process at any time to enable or disable oximeters in the menu list.

The **Oxitest Plus** will display the make of the oximeter ***sensor*** used with the device under test on the lower line of the LCD. This is because some pulse oximeters can be used with more than one make of sensor (many oximeters are compatible with Nellcor® as well as their own brand of sensor). When selecting the oximeter, be sure to choose the correct ***sensor*** as well as the appropriate make and

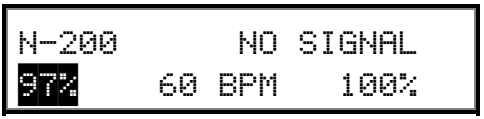
model, as sensors from different manufacturers may have different SpO_2 calibration curves (R-Curve).

Oximeters manufactured by BCI International and Nonin are operable with sensors made by another leading pulse oximeter manufacturer. These cross-combinations of oximeter and sensor make are identified in the **Oxitest Plus** menu by the "SENSOR: Non-OEM" designation. As it is common practice to use BCI and Nonin oximeters with the other oximeter manufacturer's sensor, the **Oxitest Plus** provides for testing this combination. It should be noted, however, that BCI, Nonin, and the other leading oximeter manufacturers do not recommend use of their respective products in such combination.

3.4 Selecting an SpO_2 level

The **Oxitest Plus** simulates five (5) preset levels of oxygen saturation - 97, 93, 90, 80 and 70%. An additional preset level of 55% is available when testing Nellcor® and Nellcor OEM oximeters, such as Critikon, MDE, Mennen and Protocol Systems, as well as when testing oximeters that use Nellcor® sensors under license, such as HP, Marquette, Siemens and SpaceLabs.

The **SpO_2** level is changed by pressing the **SpO_2** key on the front panel. The selected **SpO_2** value will be displayed on the standard operating screen in the lower left of the screen, as follows.



The **SpO_2** value on power up will be the one retained from the last test performed.

3.5 Selecting a Heart Rate

The **Oxitest Plus** provides a pulse repetition rate of 20 to 250 beats per minute (bpm), with six preset values of 30, 60, 90, 120, 180 and 240 bpm. To select a new preset value, press the key labelled **Heart Rate** on the front panel. The **Heart Rate** indicator, in the middle of the second line of the LCD screen, will change to indicate the selected rate, as shown.

For values between the preset rates, use the ▲ and ▼ keys associated with the **Heart Rate** key. The **Heart Rate** can be changed in increments of 1 bpm over the full range of 20 - 250 bpm. The ▲ and ▼ keys may be held down to change the rate continuously.

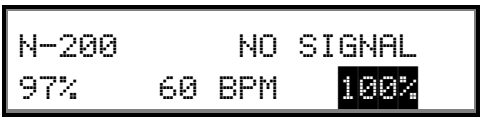
The **Heart Rate** value on power up will be the one retained from the last test performed.

3.6 Selecting a Pulse Amplitude

The **Oxitest Plus** provides pulse amplitude settings from 0 to 100 percent, with four preset values of 100, 30, 10 and 5%. The pulse amplitude control

provides a means of simulating various levels of tissue perfusion or peripheral pulse "strengths". An **Oxitest Plus** pulse amplitude of 100% corresponds to a normal adult pulse in the index finger. A pulse amplitude of 5% simulates poor distal circulation or a very weak peripheral pulse, and a pulse amplitude of zero simulates no distal blood flow.

To select a new preset value, press the key labelled **Pulse Amp** on the front panel. The **Pulse Amplitude** indicator, at the lower right of the LCD screen, will change to indicate the selected percentage value, as shown below.



For values between the preset amplitudes, use the ▲ and ▼ keys associated with the **Pulse Amp** key. The **Pulse Amplitude** can be changed in increments of 1% over the full range of 0-100 %. The ▲ and ▼ keys may be held down to change the pulse amplitude continuously.

The **Pulse Amplitude** value on power up will be the one retained from the last test performed.

3.7 Status Indicator

The STATUS indicator, in the upper right corner of the standard operating screen, as shown below, provides user feedback on the test in progress.

The following STATUS messages may be displayed:

NO SIGNAL — No optical signal is currently being received by **Oxitest Plus** from the oximeter under test. Possibly the oximeter sensor has not been applied to the **Oxitest Plus** probe.

Testing... — **Oxitest Plus** has detected an optical signal and is testing the signal to see if it is consistent with the selected oximeter.

NO RED — An optical signal has been detected, but there is no signal which corresponds to the output of the RED LED. Probable sensor or cable failure.

NO IR An optical signal has been detected, but there is no signal which corresponds to the output of the infrared (IR) LED. Probable sensor or cable failure.

RED+IR OK The optical signal detected by **Oxitest Plus** is consistent with the oximeter selected and **Oxitest Plus** is outputting a simulated signal to the oximeter.

INV.SENSOR **Oxitest Plus** has detected an external optical signal on the upper probe surface, indicating that the oximeter sensor has probably been applied upside down. Remove and replace the sensor with the sensor LEDs on the ***lower*** surface of the **Oxitest Plus** probe .

If the **STATUS** message enters the **Testing...** phase and then begins to rapidly change, it is probable that the oximeter under test is not the same make and model as the oximeter selected in the **Oxitest Plus**. Change the **Oxitest Plus Pulse Ox** selection to match the oximeter and retry the test.

When testing some oximeters, the **Oxitest Plus** may not, at first, correctly recognize the red and IR light flashes produced by the oximeter. In this case, the **Oxitest Plus** status display will show RED+IR OK but the oximeter saturation reading will significantly disagree with the **Oxitest Plus** SpO_2 setting. The simplest solution is to remove the oximeter sensor from the **Oxitest Plus** probe, wait a few seconds, and then re-apply the sensor to the **Oxitest Plus**. Alternatively, the oximeter can be powered up *after* applying the sensor to the **Oxitest Plus**. Positioning the sensor properly may be more difficult for short, stubby sensors. Section 5.1.2 offers some advice on how to position some specific types of sensors.

3.8 Selecting Motion Artifact Simulation

The **Oxitest Plus** provides four waveforms for simulating various motion artifact conditions. The ***MV wave*** adds low frequency noise to the normal patient signal, simulating slow, whole-body movements. The ***SP wave*** adds sharp noise spikes to the patient signal, simulating the oximeter sensor being struck or tapped at random times. The ***TR wave*** simulates patient tremor or shivering. The ***Sn wave*** is a high-amplitude 2.5 Hertz sinewave interference, simulating a "shake table" laboratory test of a pulse oximeter, as described by Barker et al in "The effects of motion on the performance of pulse oximeters in volunteers", *Anesthesiology*, 1997; 86:101-8.

The motion artifact simulation is activated by pressing the **Heart Rate** and **Pulse Amp** keys simultaneously. In response to this key combination, the **Oxitest Plus** will emit a double-beep and activate the MV wave, as indicated by the "$^{M}_{V}$" characters displayed to the left of the pulse amplitude on the LCD:

In manual mode, successive presses of **Heart Rate** with **Pulse Amp** will activate the SP, TR and Sn waves in turn, indicated on the display as "S_P", "T_R", and "S_n" as for the MV wave above. A fifth press of **Heart Rate** with **Pulse Amp** will de-activate the motion artifact simulation.

In Auto Preset mode, two of the nine factory default presets include motion artifact simulations. The Alarm Test Mode also provides one alarm test in which the MV wave is turned on and then off by the **Start/Stop** key. This allows measurement of the oximeter's alarm response to motion artifacts.

In manual mode, SpO_2, heart rate, and pulse amplitude settings on the **Oxitest Plus** may be independently varied while the motion artifact simulation is active.

Stability and accuracy of a pulse oximeter under motion artifact conditions is highly dependent on the ***noise-to-signal ratio*** (NSR), that is, the relative strength of the artifact signal to the uncorrupted patient signal. When motion artifact is activated on the **Oxitest Plus**, simulated NSR may be continuously varied by means of the Pulse Amp controls. For example, with the pulse amplitude set to 20%, the NSR would be 5:1.

3.9 ECG Trigger Output

Some pulse oximeters provide an input for a high level ECG signal, such as may be output by a patient monitor. Such oximeters use the QRS complex of the ECG to synchronize and validate data acquisition from the oximeter sensor, thereby improving signal-to-noise ratio under conditions of low perfusion or motion artifact. On Nellcor® oximeters (e.g. models N-200 and up), this feature is called "C-LOCK".

The **Oxitest Plus** provides an ECG Trigger output signal which may be used to test the Nellcor® C-LOCK function and similar capabilities on other oximeters (e.g. Nonin 8800). The ECG TRIGGER signal is not a simulated ECG waveform, but simply a logic pulse of width and timing comparable to the QRS, which is appropriate for triggering the pulse oximeter.

The ECG TRIGGER pulse is output from a 3.5 mm miniature mono phono jack located on the right panel as indicated in *Figure 2*. The sleeve is grounded, and the tip is the trigger signal.

The **Oxitest Plus** ECG TRIGGER output is intended to drive high impedance loads, and will deliver 2.5 volts into a 10K ohm load. This is optimal for driving the Nellcor N-200 via the ECG

IN/OUT interface, a 2.5 mm sub-miniature mono phono jack located on the rear panel of the oximeter.

Refer to the manufacturer's Service Manual for the pulse oximeter when interfacing the ECG input of the unit under test to the **Oxitest Plus** ECG TRIGGER output.

3.10 Recharging the Battery

Oxitest Plus is powered by an internal NiCad battery with sufficient capacity to provide approximately 40 hours of operation. When the **Oxitest Plus** is OFF, the battery powers a non-volatile memory which retains the test settings, the **ENA**able/**DIS**able status of the pulse oximeter menu, and any **Pass/Fail** test results which may have been saved in memory. Power drain from the battery in this case is negligible.

When the battery approaches full discharge, the STATUS display as shown in Section 3.7 Status Indicator, will alternate with a **LO BATTERY** indication. To recharge the battery, plug the *supplied AC adaptor* (one of part numbers: 3000-020, 3000-021 or 3000-022) into a wall outlet and the **Oxitest Plus** DC ADAPTOR input (see *Figure 2*). ***Use only the adaptor supplied with the Oxitest Plus to recharge the battery.*** With the **Oxitest Plus**

turned off, a full recharge will require approximately 14 hours.

If the **Oxitest Plus** battery reaches full discharge during use, the unit will stop operating and the message shown below will appear on the display. In this case, the **Oxitest Plus** should be powered down and the battery given a full recharge as soon as possible.

```
*BATTERY DISCHARGED*
Recharge immediately
```

If the **Oxitest Plus** battery is near deep-discharge at power-up, the LCD will remain blank and the **Low Battery** alarm LED on the front panel will illuminate (see *Figure 3*). The **Oxitest Plus** will not be operable in this case and should be powered down and the battery given a full recharge prior to further use.

The **Oxitest Plus** can also be powered by the supplied AC adaptor. In this case, the NiCad battery is charged at a lower rate. Recharging the battery with the **Oxitest Plus** powered up requires substantially more time than with the unit powered down.

Unless there is no desire for portable operation, it is ***not*** recommended that the **Oxitest Plus** be connected to the charger at all times as this may reduce the life of the battery. The battery will maintain its capacity longer if the **Oxitest Plus** is routinely run until **LO BATTERY** is indicated on the STATUS display and then fully recharged.

The **Oxitest Plus** battery may be removed for replacement or reconditioning through the battery compartment access door on the underside of the unit.

Computer Control

This chapter describes the serial communications interface to the ***Oxitest Plus*** *Pulse Oximeter Tester, and the control commands that allow the user to control the device operation or to access test data through a personal computer or automated test system.*

4. COMPUTER CONTROL AND RS-232

The operating parameters of the **Oxitest Plus** can be controlled by an external device, through an RS-232 serial communications port. This allows **Oxitest Plus** to be interfaced to an automated tester or PC for automated oximeter testing. **Oxitest Plus** may be operated via the front panel keypad while simultaneously responding to commands via the RS-232 port. The five control commands (Select Oximeter; Set SpO_2; Set Heart

Rate; Set Pulse Amplitude, and Activate Artifact Simulation) are all compatible with most automated safety analyzers.

4.1 Mechanical Interface

The **Oxitest Plus** RS-232 port located on the right side of the unit is a 5-pin mini-DIN female connector.

The following RS-232 accessory cables are available to connect to the 5-pin mini-DIN female connector:

Part No.	Description
7100-196	R-102, DB25 Connector
7100-248	R-103, DB9 Connector

A cable made to the specifications in the table following may be used to connect the **Oxitest Plus** to the COM port of a PC or medTester. The **Oxitest Plus** mates with the 5-pin miniDIN male connector, and the PC or medTester mates with the DB-9 or DB-25 female connector.

(Oxitest) 5-pin miniDIN		(medTester/PC) DB-25 female	DB-9 female
pin 5 (TXD)	to	pin 3 (RXD)	pin 2 (RXD)
pin 2,3 (RXD)	to	pin 2 (TXD)	pin 3 (TXD)
pin 1 (CTS)	to	pin 4 (RTS)	pin 7 (RTS)
pin 4 (BUSY)	to	pin 20 (DTR)	pin 4 (DTR)
shield (GND)	to	pin 7 (GND)	pin 5 (GND)

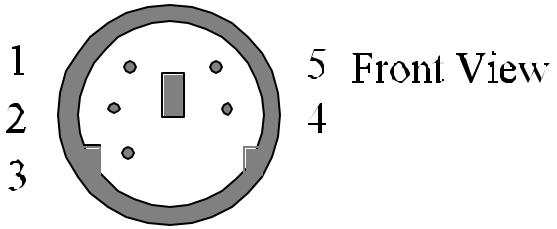


Figure 4 - Connector Pin-outs

4.2 Electrical Interface

Bidirectional. **9600** baud, **8** bits, **N**o parity, **1** stop bit. Maximum cable length restricted to 10 feet.

4.3 Functional Description

Oxitest Plus RS-232 commands are ASCII strings consisting of two to four upper case letters followed by zero to three numeric digits. Command strings are terminated with the carriage return character

(ØD hex), or by carriage return followed by the line feed character (ØA hex).

The **Oxitest Plus** has a bidirectional RS-232 port and monitors the RTS and DTR lines when handshaking. Control programs should ensure that COM port RTS and DTR lines are set high and that at least 100 msec is allowed between transmissions to accommodate command execution time. A delay of less than 100 msec between transmissions may produce unexpected results.

If **Oxitest Plus** receives a valid RS-232 command, **Oxitest Plus** will execute the command, update the LCD to reflect the change and transmit the "*" character via its RS-232 port. If **Oxitest Plus** receives an invalid or erroneous command, the command will not be executed, the **Oxitest Plus** will transmit the "?" character via its RS-232 port.

4.4 Command Definitions

For all RS-232 commands, be sure to follow the prescribed syntax, including leading zeros where indicated. Failure to do so may result in unexpected operation of the Oxitest Plus.

4.4.1 Select Oximeter and Initialize Simulation Command

Format:

Ox*mmm*

where *mmm* = ØØ1 for BCI 3300
ØØ2 for BCI 3300/Nellcor
ØØ3 for BCI 3302
....
Ø59 for SpaceLabs Scout with Nellcor sensor

Example:

OXØ32 causes **Oxitest Plus** to select and initialize the Nellcor N-20P patient simulation.

Note the value of *mmm* corresponding to the oximeter make/model listed above is also displayed at the bottom right corner of the **Oxitest Plus** LCD when the user presses the **Pulse Ox** key on the front panel.

The OX command will cause **Oxitest Plus** to select the specified oximeter whether or not the oximeter has been ENAbled via the PULSE OX SETUP menu. The OX command also initializes SpO_2, heart rate and pulse amplitude to default values of 97%, 60 BPM and 100% respectively. The status display is reset to "NO SIGNAL".

Note: *As oximeters are added to the* ***Oxitest Plus*** *menu by firmware upgrade, the number* **mmm** may change. Be sure to check the number of any oximeter following a new software release, and update any software programs, as necessary. The numbers given above are for example only, and may not be representative of the current software version.

4.4.2 Set SpO_2 Command

Format:

SOn

where *n* = 1 for 97% SpO_2
2 for 93% SpO_2
3 for 90% SpO_2
4 for 80% SpO_2
5 for 70% SpO_2
6 for 55% SpO_2 (Nellcor only)

Example:

SO4 sets the SpO_2 to 80%

4.4.3 Set Heart Rate Command

Format:

HRrrr where *rrr* = 2Ø to 25Ø BPM

Examples:

HR62 sets the Heart Rate to 62 BPM
HR175 sets the Heart Rate to 175 BPM

4.4.4 Set Pulse Amplitude Command

Format:

PA*aaa* where *aaa* = Ø to 1ØØ per-cent

Examples:

PA7 sets the Pulse Amplitude to 7%
PA42 sets the Pulse Amplitude to 42%
PA1ØØ sets the Pulse Amplitude to 100%

4.4.5 Activate Artifact Simulation

Format:

AFn activate artifact simulation *n*, where n =Ø for OFF; n = 1 for movement; n = 2 for spike and n = 3 for tremor.

Examples:

AFØ sets the Artifact Simulation off
AF3 sets the Tremor Artifact simulation on

4.4.6 Command Summary

Command	Function
OXmmm	Set Pulse Ox to #*mmm* and restart simulation
SOx	Set SpO_2 to level *x*, where x = 1 for 97%; x = 2 for 93%; x = 3 for 90%; x = 4 for 80%; x = 5 for 70% and x = 6 for 55%
HRrrr	Set heart rate to *rrr* BPM, 2ØØ< rrr ≤ 25Ø
PAaaa	Set pulse amplitude to *aaa* per-cent, Ø ≤ aaa ≤ 1ØØ
AFn	Activate artifact signal *n*, where n = Ø for OFF; n = 1 for movement; n = 2 for spike and n = 3 for tremor.

4.5 Programming Example

Microsoft QBasic is an easy-to-use BASIC interpreter which is supplied as part of Microsoft DOS versions 5 and later. Using QBasic, you can write simple programs on your IBM PC or compatible to control **Oxitest Plus** automatically via a COM port.

Below is a simple program written in Microsoft QBasic which causes **Oxitest Plus** to select a NELLCOR N-200 pulse oximeter for testing and

automatically sweep the N-200 through a range of SpO_2 and heart rate settings.

Run Microsoft QBasic from the DOS prompt by simply typing ***QBasic*** followed by ENTER (you can also run QBasic from Windows - double click on the QBasic icon in the APPLICATIONS group.) QBASIC should boot, showing the "Welcome" screen. Press ESC to clear the screen, or press ENTER to view the QBasic HELP index.

When typing the following example, be sure to include all the punctuation marks which appear in the program (" , ; ! % $ and so on).

After you have typed in the program, save it by typing
ALT F, followed by S. To run the example, connect **Oxitest Plus** to COM1, set up the NELLCOR N-200, and then type ALT R followed by S. To stop the program, press the ESC key. To quit QBASIC, type ALT F followed by X.

Program Example

```
CLS
PRINT "NELLCOR pulse oximeter SpO2/Heart Rate sweep"
PRINT "Press <ESC> to quit": PRINT
PRINT "      SpO2 (%)    Heart Rate (BPM)"
VIEW PRINT 5 TO 6

' Open COM1 for serial communications at 96ØØ baud
OPEN "COM1: 96ØØ,N,8,1,CDØ,CSØ,DSØ,OPØ,RB32,TB32"
FOR OUTPUT AS #1

' Select NELLCOR N-200 pulse oximeter
' Note the following command may change with changes

' in Oxitest software revision. The command OXØ35 is

' used here only as an example.

PRINT #1, "OXØ35"
INPUT #1, C$
SpO2% = 1
DO
   ' Set the SpO2
   PRINT #1, "SO";
   PRINT #1, USING "#"; SpO2%
   INPUT #1, C$
   GOSUB CommDelay
   ' Sweep the heart rate from 60 to 140 BPM
   FOR HeartRate% = 6Ø TO 14Ø STEP 2Ø
      PRINT #1, "HR";
      IF HeartRate% < 1ØØ THEN
         PRINT #1, USING "##"; HeartRate%
      ELSE
         PRINT #1, USING "###"; HeartRate%
      END IF
      INPUT #1, C$
      ' Display current SpO2 and HR on PC screen
      SELECT CASE SpO2%
         CASE 2:
            O2sat% = 93
```

```
         CASE 3:
            O2sat% = 9Ø
         CASE 4:
            O2sat% = 8Ø
         CASE 5:
            O2sat% = 7Ø

        CASE ELSE
            O2sat% = 97
      END SELECT
PRINT "       "; O2sat%; "             "; HeartRate%

' Delay 20 sec before next heart rate increment
      FOR i% = 1 TO 100
         GOSUB CommDelay
         ' Quit if user presses ESCape key
         IF INKEY$ = CHR$(27) THEN
            CLOSE
            END
         END IF
      NEXT i%
   NEXT HeartRate%

   ' Select next saturation level
   SpO2% = SpO2% + 1
   IF SpO2% > 5 THEN
      SpO2% = 1

   END IF
LOOP WHILE SpO2% > Ø
END

' This subroutine produces a timed delay of 200 msec
CommDelay:
   TeeZero! = TIMER
   DO WHILE TIMER - TeeZero! < .2: LOOP
RETURN
```

Test Usage

This chapter provides valuable information on the correct application of the oximeter sensor to the ***Oxitest Plus*** *Pulse Oximeter Tester in order to obtain the most reliable test results.*

5. TEST USAGE GUIDELINES

5.1 General Rules

In an ideal world, testing a pulse oximeter would simply involve placing the oximeter sensor on the test probe and observing the results. However, due to the many implementations of the basic oximetry technology and many configurations of sensors, there are some practical problems that you will inevitably run into in testing oximeters. The problems generally fall into two categories: 1) interpretation of results; and 2) the probe/sensor interface.

5.1.1 Interpretation of Results

Although pulse oximeters provide an indication of heart rate, it is the oxygen saturation estimated by these devices (SpO_2) which is of greater concern when discussing the "accuracy" of a particular make or model. Manufacturer's accuracy specifications for SpO_2 can be confusing - just what does ±2% ± 1 standard deviation actually mean? In developing the calibration curve for an oximeter, commonly known as the "R-Curve", the response of the device is statistically compared to the response from invasive oxygen content readings from a large population of individuals. The specification cited above can be translated as: the oxygen saturation value measured by this oximeter will be accurate to within 2% for 65% of the population.

This specification has very little to do with what you should expect from testing the oximeter with a tester. The R-Curve is well-defined in the oximeter's electronics. An oximeter tester such as **Oxitest Plus** is microprocessor controlled, and as a result outputs a precisely regulated, calibrated optical signal. Therefore, although there may be some uncertainty introduced by the sensor and the sensor/tester interface, the response from an electro-optical simulation should be within the tester's

specification limits of ±1%. In some cases, a response outside of these limits is an indication that the sensor is slightly out of tolerance and replacement should be considered.

When using **Oxitest Plus**, the primary consideration is to first choose the correct make, model and sensor type for the device under test. Many manufacturers of oximeters use another company's technology, for instance, Tyco provides Nellcor® technology on an OEM basis to a large number of physiological monitor manufacturers. Each of these individual manufacturers may use the R-Curve developed by Nellcor, or they may decide to develop their own curve. In addition, they may use the Nellcor® sensors, or manufacture a sensor under their own brand name. These same manufacturers may use both Nellcor® sensors and their own, implementing a different R-Curve for each sensor. With all of these combinations possible, it is very important to select the correct pulse oximeter and sensor type in the menu to ensure that the simulation is correct for the unit under test.

Disposable sensors can produce questionable results when used with 'compatible' oximeters. For instance, Nellcor makes a disposable finger sensor which, due to the cable connector, can be attached

to many other manufacturer's oximeters. In order to have a better manufacturing yield, Nellcor 'codes' the disposable sensor with a resistor, which the Nellcor® oximeter uses to adjust the R-Curve for the sensor. In effect, this is providing compensation for the optical response of the sensor. However, even though the Nellcor disposable sensor fits on other manufacturer's cables, it may not provide reliable results - especially at the lower saturation levels - if the R-Curve variation is not taken into account.

5.1.2 Probe/Sensor Interface

The single most variable parameter in testing oximeters is the fit between the tester probe and the oximeter sensor. Due to the wide variety of sensor shapes, a test probe which provides an excellent fit with a Nellcor® sensor may not be as good a fit to a Nonin sensor. The **Oxitest Plus** probe has been designed to provide the best-compromise fit for testing both disposable and nondisposable sensors across many brands.

Most *non*disposable sensors fit into two categories of design: 1) Nellcor® style - with an 'end stop' for the finger or 2) Ohmeda® style - with a 'finger depression' molded in the sensor. In many cases, the sensor can be simply slid over the test probe and will

sit 'naturally' in place. If you do not get good results with this method, the following instructions should improve the results:

1) Nellcor® (Tyco) Style

   The Nellcor® style sensor generally utilizes a soft, cushiony material to surround the finger, with a hard plastic or metal outer shell. Inside there is an 'end stop' to prevent the finger from going too far into the sensor. Examples of this type include Nellcor, Nonin, and SpaceLabs/Novametrix finger clip sensors. The 'end stop' of the Nellcor DS-100A finger clip sensor can be seen in *Figure 5*.

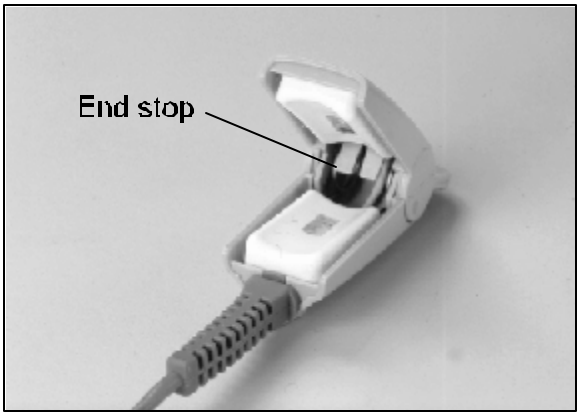


Figure 5 - Nellcor® DS-100A finger clip sensor

With the oximeter turned ON, hold the sensor in the open position, with the LEDs (they should be glowing red) shining toward you - the photo detector will be closest to you, hidden by the hard sensor shell. Place the photo detector on the **Oxitest Plus** probe, with the end of the probe touching the 'end stop'. Allow the sensor to close around the test probe, keeping intimate contact on the upper, photodetector side. ***It is important to retain the tight, intimate contact on the photodetector side to prevent leakage of light from the sensor LEDs on the bottom reaching the photodetector on the top.***

Most finger clip sensors are configured such that, when applied to the test probe, the cable will lead off *toward* the **Oxitest Plus**. In this case, the sensor cable should be routed via the probe compartment so that the cable leads off toward the "LCD end" of **Oxitest Plus**, rather than toward the bottom of the tester. The **Oxitest Plus** probe incorporates a cutout designed to accommodate stiff or long strain reliefs found on some oximeter cables. This helps prevent stiff cables from inadvertently pushing the sensor off the probe. Stiff cables or long strain reliefs can be pre-formed to the desired shape before application to the probe.

2) Ohmeda (Datex) Style

The Ohmeda style sensor uses a harder rubber-like material to surround the finger, taking the finger shape into consideration with a depression in the material. The outside of the sensor is commonly a hard plastic, molded in the shape of a clothes pin. Examples of this type include Ohmeda, SiMed and Physio-Control finger clip sensors. The depression of the Ohmeda finger

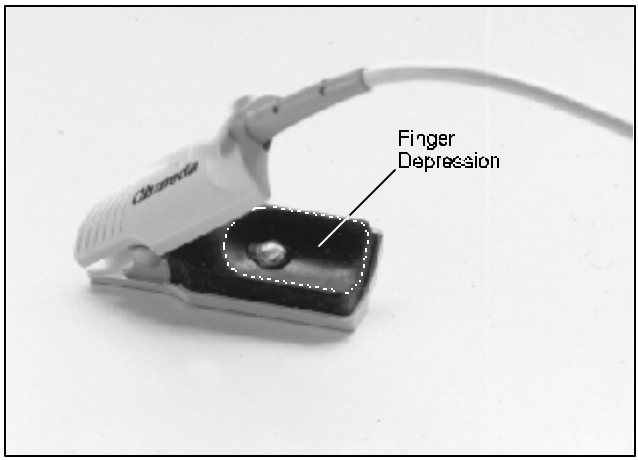


Figure 6 - Ohmeda Finger Clip Sensor

clip sensor can be seen in *Figure 6*.

With the LEDs shining toward you, as in the Nellcor® example, place the sensor on the test probe so that the upper bulge on the probe fits into the sensor depression. Allow the sensor to close, maintaining intimate contact between the photodetector side of the sensor and the upper side of the test probe. ***It is important to retain the tight, intimate contact on the photo-detector side to prevent leakage of light from the sensor LEDs on the bottom reaching the photodetector on the top.***

As with the Nellcor®-style sensor, a stiff sensor cable or long strain relief can be pre-formed before the sensor is applied to the **Oxitest Plus**, and the cable routed via the probe compartment before leading off to the oximeter under test.

Other sensor styles may also require careful placement:

3) Hewlett-Packard (Agilent / Philips) M1190A and M1191A sensors

The Hewlett-Packard M1190A and M1191A sensors are made from a pliable rubber compound, with a slit opening at the distal end of the sensor. Slide the sensor onto the

Oxitest Plus probe with the LEDs shining toward you.

Push the sensor onto the probe until the probe tip extends out of the sensor slit by about 1/8".

Ensure that the photodetector (the bulge on the top of the sensor) is located on the centerline of the test probe.

Correct placement of the Hewlett-Packard M1190A can be seen in *Figure 7*, with the sensor cable leading off to the oximeter via the probe compartment of the **Oxitest Plus**.

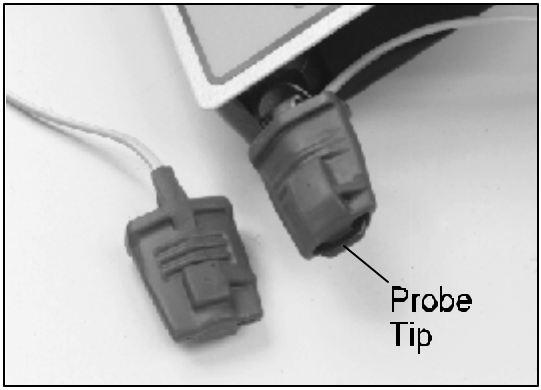


Figure 7 - Correct Placement of HP M1190A sensor

4) Disposable and Flexible Sensors

Disposable and flexible sensors come in many shapes and sizes depending on their use - neonatal, flexible finger sensor, ear clip, etc. In applying these sensors to the test probe, place the photodetector on the center of the upper optical window of the probe. Wrap the sensor around the probe, with the LED portion of the sensor ending up somewhere on the lower optical window of the probe (it is not critical where). The sensor can be held in place with tape, if required.

Regardless of the actual design of the sensor, the key to good readings is to develop a tight, intimate contact on the photodetector side of the sensor/probe interface, to prevent leakage of light from the sensor LEDs reaching the photodetector.

Correct placement of typical flexible sensors is shown in *Figure 8* through *Figure 10*.

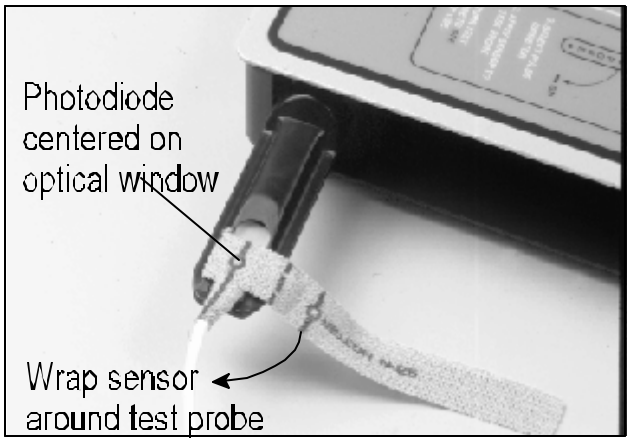


Figure 8 - Nellcor® N-25 neonatal disposable

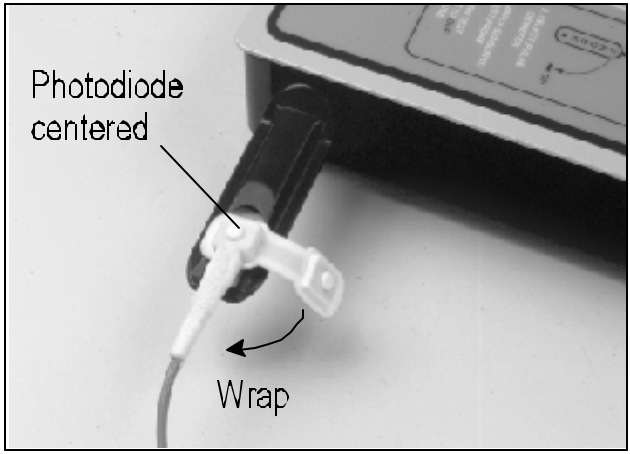


Figure 9 - Nellcor® Oxi-A/N sensor

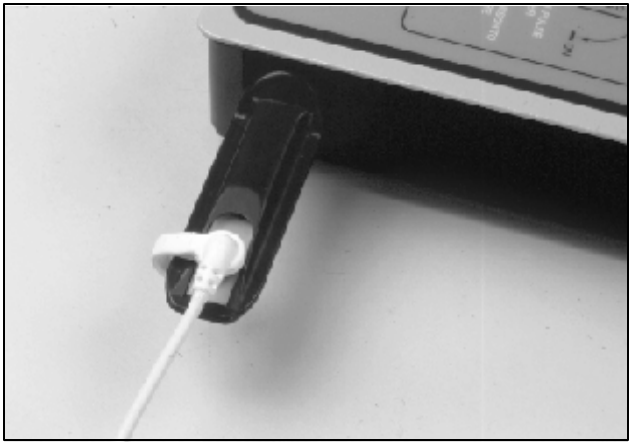


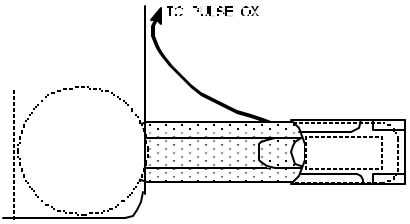
Figure 10 - Ohmeda Flex II sensor

5) Application of Criticare Sensors

Although the Criticare 511 and 934 sensors are generally compatible with the **Oxitest Plus** probe (i.e. the Oxitest "finger"), the fit is less than ideal. Despite this, fairly good results can be obtained when testing Criticare pulse oximeters by following these rules (note in all cases the sensor LEDs are on the "bottom", and the sensor's photodiode is on "top"):

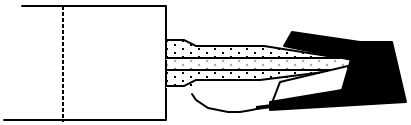
a) *Criticare 511 Sensor*

An acceptable position for the 511 sensor is as follows:



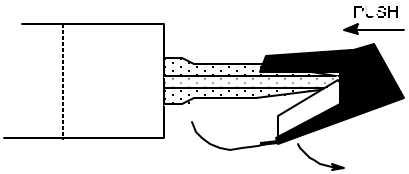
POSITION #1, TOP VIEW

Position #1 is achieved by simply sliding the 511 sensor onto the tip of the **Oxitest Plus** probe, until the sensor just comes to a "stop". Position #1 is a good "starting position", but it is not the best position as interference from the 511's LEDs can leak around the **Oxitest Plus** probe tip to reach the 511's photodiode, upsetting the calibration of the SpO_2 simulation.



POSITION #1, SIDE VIEW

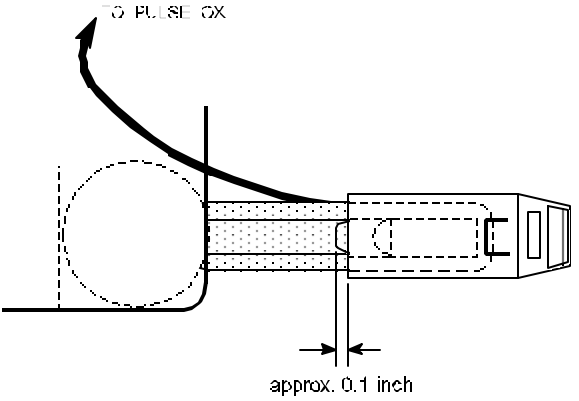
Position #2, illustrated below, is preferable since it achieves better optical isolation between the 511's LEDs and photodiode. Position #2 is achieved by pushing the 511 from Position #1 until the sensor comes to a solid "stop". The lower jaw of the 511 will swing down to accommodate the probe tip, and the upper jaw will lie flatter along the upper surface of the probe. Try Position #2 after the pulse oximeter has stabilized for at least 30 seconds in response to the **Oxitest Plus**'s signal.



POSITION #2, SIDE VIEW

b) *Criticare 934 Sensor*

Generally, a good position for the 934 sensor appears as follows when viewed from the top:



A simple way to apply the 934 sensor is to slide it over the end of the **Oxitest Plus** probe, stopping when you feel that the **Oxitest Plus** probe tip just reaches, but does not "ride over", the end of the finger depression inside the sensor. The position of the 934 sensor will be roughly as shown in the above diagram.

Note that if the 934 sensor is "jammed all the way" onto the **Oxitest Plus** probe, most of the optical signal radiated from the probe will be

blocked and will not reach the photodiode of the sensor. In this case, the pulse oximeter will not display an SpO_2 or heart rate indication, or a proper pleth waveform.

5.2 Diagnosing Sensor Faults

Use the following table when troubleshooting pulse oximeter sensor and cable problems, with the help of the **Oxitest Plus**'s STATUS display.

STATUS DISPLAY	PROBABLE FAULT(S)
NO RED	- RED LED is defective. This is normally evident if RED LED is not visible when viewing sensor - sensor cable(s) have an open or intermittent wire contact, or cable connector(s) are defective - RED LED drive signal from oximeter is missing
NO IR	- INFRARED LED is defective. This is *NOT* evident when viewing sensor - sensor cable(s) have an open or intermittent wire contact, or cable connector(s) are defective - INFRARED LED drive signal from oximeter is missing

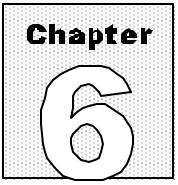
NO SIGNAL	- both RED and INFRARED LEDs are faulty - sensor cable(s) have an open or intermittent wire contact, or cable connector(s) are defective - both RED and INFRARED LED drive signals from oximeter are missing
RED+IR OK	Oximeter displays “Low Light”, or “Insufficient Light”, and may alarm. - Photo detector in sensor is faulty - sensor cable(s) have an open or intermittent wire contact, or cable connector(s) are defective - Photo detector circuitry in oximeter is defective or out of calibration

Intermittent contacts in the cable or connectors can be confirmed by twisting the cable (hold the sensor on the test probe if twisting near the sensor). The LCD STATUS display will change from the error code listed above to “TESTING...”. When “TESTING...”, the **Oxitest Plus** has recognized a new signal and is checking to confirm that both RED and IR signals are present and correctly timed for the oximeter under test.

5.3 Cross-Manufacturer Compatibility

Nellcor® and Ohmeda are examples of two leading pulse oximeter manufacturers which license the use of their technology to other medical device companies, primarily manufacturers of patient monitoring systems. Pulse oximeters which employ licensed technology can sometimes (but not always) be identified by the oximeter sensor - if the device is compatible ***only*** with a Nellcor® (or Ohmeda) sensor, it is possible that the unit contains a licensed OEM version of the Nellcor (or Ohmeda) technology.

It may be possible to test the SpO_2 portion of such monitors using one of the ***Nellcor*** or ***Ohmeda*** settings on the **Oxitest Plus**. As products mature, manufacturers modify the electronics or the software of newer models to improve performance. As a result, not every model from one manufacturer can be tested using the same setting. OEM versions of a manufacturer's product will also exhibit the same type of variations. Therefore, even though two companies have licensed Nellcor® technology, one may be a N-200 type implementation, and the other may be a N-180 type implementation. If you are trying to test an OEM product, try each of the OEM original model settings to determine which one performs best.



Maintenance

This chapter provides recommendations for maintenance of the ***Oxitest Plus*** *Pulse Oximeter Tester.*

6. ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

6.1 Probe Cleaning

Over a period of time, a build-up of residue may be noticed on the optical windows at the probe tip. This is normal and is due to contact with dirty sensors and disposable sensors which rely on adhesive application.

To ensure the probe receives maximum light from sensors under test, and also to ensure that the

optical power emitted by the probe remains within its calibrated range, the probe should be cleaned regularly. Normally, simply wiping the optical windows with a soft cloth dampened with water is all that is required. Detergent solutions are rarely required but acceptable at low concentrations.

DO NOT use isopropyl alcohol to clean the acrylic probe, as it will introduce stress cracks over time.

The Oxitest probe incorporates urethane, acrylic and mylar components. Therefore, under no circumstances should reactive solvents (adhesive remover, varsol, turpentine, etc) be used to clean the probe.

6.2 Calibration

Calibration of the **Oxitest Plus** by an authorized service center is recommended on an ***annual*** basis.

The **Oxitest Plus** can only be *CALIBRATED* with specialized equipment and software found at Datrend authorized service facilities. This equipment allows proper adjustment of the internal electronics of the instrument.

Independent service centers ***may*** be able to preform a performance *VERIFICATION*; however, they will NOT be able to perform repairs or adjustments to your **Oxitest Plus**.

When calibration is due, contact Datrend Customer Service at 1-800-667-6557 about the authorized service facility nearest your location.